



Instruction Manual

Pneumatic Control Valve CV-COSR

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Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the Control Valve.

This product has been thoroughly inspected before being shipped from the factory. When the product is delivered, before doing anything else, check the specifications and external appearance to make sure nothing is out of the ordinary. Also be sure to read this manual carefully before use and follow the instructions to be sure of using the product properly.

This product employs an integrated positioner / diaphragm-type actuator with no lever, making it very compact. In addition, a threaded condensate drainage port is provided at the bottom of the body to allow installation of a blow valve or steam/air trap in order to eliminate condensate flowing in the piping, contributing to prevention of valve seat erosion and rapid start-up of the equipment.

This instruction manual is intended for use with the model(s) listed on the front cover. It is needed not only for installation, but also for subsequent maintenance, disassembly/reassembly and troubleshooting. Please keep it in a safe place for future reference.

Safety Considerations

- Read this section carefully before use and be sure to follow the instructions.
- Installation, inspection, maintenance, repairs, disassembly, adjustment and valve opening/closing should be carried out only by trained maintenance personnel.
- The precautions listed in this manual are designed to ensure safety and prevent
 equipment damage and personal injury. For situations that may occur as a result
 of erroneous handling, three different types of cautionary items are used to
 indicate the degree of urgency and the scale of potential damage and danger:
 DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION.
- The three types of cautionary items above are very important for safety: be sure
 to observe all of them as they relate to installation, use, maintenance and repair.
 Furthermore, TLV accepts no responsibility for any accidents or damage
 occurring as a result of failure to observe these precautions.

Symbols



Indicates a DANGER, WARNING or CAUTION item.

⚠ DANGER

Indicates an urgent situation which poses a threat of death or serious injury

MARNING

Indicates that there is a potential threat of death or serious injury

ACAUTION

Indicates that there is a possibility of injury or equipment / product damage

CAUTION

Install properly and DO NOT use this product outside the recommended operating pressure, temperature and other specification ranges.

Improper use may result in such hazards as damage to the product or malfunctions that may lead to serious accidents. Local regulations may restrict the use of this product to below the conditions quoted.

Use hoisting equipment for heavy objects (weighing approximately 20 kg (44 lb) or more).

Failure to do so may result in back strain or other injury if the object should fall.

Take measures to prevent people from coming into direct contact with product outlets.

Failure to do so may result in burns or other injury from the discharge of fluids.

When disassembling or removing the product, wait until the internal pressure equals atmospheric pressure and the surface of the product has cooled to room temperature.

Disassembling or removing the product when it is hot or under pressure may lead to discharge of fluids, causing burns, other injuries or damage.

Safety considerations continued on the next page

ACAUTION

Be sure to use only the recommended components when repairing the product, and NEVER attempt to modify the product in any way.

Failure to observe these precautions may result in damage to the product and burns or other injury due to malfunction or the discharge of fluids.

Do not use excessive force when connecting threaded pipes to the product.

Over-tightening may cause breakage leading to fluid discharge, which may cause burns or other injury.

Use only under conditions in which no freeze-up will occur. Freezing may damage the product, leading to fluid discharge, which may cause burns or other injury.

Use only under conditions in which no water hammer will occur.

The impact of water hammer may damage the product, leading to fluid discharge, which may cause burns or other injury.

Make sure the power supply is OFF before carrying out work on the wiring or inspections involving disassembly.

If such work is carried out with the power on, there is a danger that equipment may malfunction or electric shock may occur, leading to injury or other accidents.

Make sure that wiring work requiring a special license is carried out by qualified personnel.

If carried out by unqualified personnel, overheating or short circuits leading to injury, fires, damage or other accidents may occur.

When using this product, NEVER stand close to, or leave tools anywhere near, moving parts, such as the shaft.

Contact with moving parts or objects becoming caught in moving parts could lead to injury or damage or other accidents.

Specifications

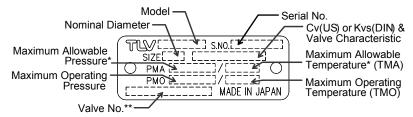


Install properly and DO NOT use this product outside the recommended operating pressure, temperature and other specification ranges. Improper use may result in such hazards as damage to the product or malfunctions which may lead to serious accidents. Local regulations may restrict the use of this product to below the conditions quoted.



Use only under conditions in which no freeze-up will occur. Freezing may damage the product, leading to fluid discharge, which may cause burns or other injury.

Refer to the product nameplate*** for detailed specifications.



- * Maximum allowable pressure (PMA) and maximum allowable temperature (TMA) are PRESSURE SHELL DESIGN CONDITIONS, **NOT** OPERATING CONDITIONS.
- ** Valve No. is displayed for products with options. This item is omitted from the nameplate when there are no options.
- *** Nameplate layout depends on product specifications.

Actuator / Pneumatic Positioner

120 cm ² (18.6 in ²)
Air-to-Open (Reverse Action)
Pneumatic positioner body $G^1/_4$ (with adapter for $G^1/_4 \times RC^1/_4$, BSPT $^1/_4$ or NPT $^1/_4$)
0.6 MPaG (85 psig)
Oil-free air, filtered to 5 μm
At air supply pressure 0.4 MPaG: 0.16 Nm³/h (55 psig: 5.65 ft³/h)
4 to 20 mA DC / approximately 300Ω
PG11
IP54 (dust and splash-proof type)
-10 to 60 °C (14 to 140 °F)
Die cast aluminum / synthetic resin

Air Supply Pressure

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Size	Pressure Supplied to Filter Regulator	Air Pressure Supplied to Positioner	Air Pressure Supplied to Actuator (Spring Range)		
15–50 mm (¹ / ₂ - 2 in)	0.40 – 0.60 MPaG (55 – 85 psig)	0.38 MPaG (54 psig)	0.21 – 0.33 MPaG (30 – 48 psig)		

 $(1 \text{ MPa} = 10.197 \text{ kg/cm}^2)$

Valve

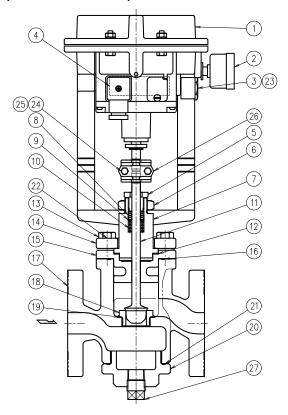
Size m	nm (in)	15 (¹ / ₂)	20 (3/4)	25 (1)	40 (1 ¹ / ₂)	50 (2)
Maximum Operating Pressure (PMO)		See nameplate				
Maximum Operating Temperature (TMO)		See nameplate				
Applicable F	luid*		S	team, Water,	Air	
Valve Plug & Stem/ Valve Seat Material		Stainless steel				
Valve Characteristic		Equal percentage				
Stroke (Travel)		15 mm (⁹ / ₁₆ in)				
Rangeability		50:1				
Cv and Kvs	Cv (US)	3.5	6.0	9.0	27	40
Values	Cv (UK)	2.9	5.0	7.5	23	33
values	Kvs (DIN)	3.0	5.1	7.7	23	34
Valve Leakage Rate (Leak Rate Class)		Less than 0.01% of the rated Cv and Kvs value (IEC/ANSI/EN Class IV)				
Condensate Drainage Port		Rc(PT) ¹ / ₂ , BSPT ¹ / ₂ or NPT ¹ / ₂				

 $(1 \text{ MPa} = 10.197 \text{ kg/cm}^2)$

^{*}Do not use for toxic, flammable or otherwise hazardous fluids.

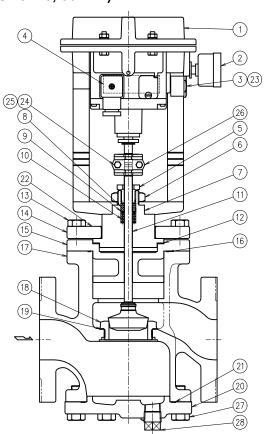
Configuration

(Size: 15 - 25 mm)



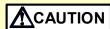
No.	Part Name
1	Actuator Body
2	Pressure Gauge
2 3 4	Bushing
	Specifications Sticker
5	Guide Bushing
6	Valve Bonnet Nut
7	Valve Bonnet
8	Stuffing Box V-rings
9	Stuffing Box Washer
10	Stuffing Box Spring
11	Valve Plug & Stem
12	Valve Bonnet Gasket
13	Bolt
14	Flange
15	Valve Bonnet Guide
16	Valve Bonnet Guide Gasket
17	Body
18	Valve Seat
19	Valve Seat Gasket
20	Cover Plug
21	Cover Plug Gasket
22	Nameplate
23	Gasket
24	Bolt
25	Nut
26	Stem Bracket Connector Plate Set
27	Drain Plug

(Size: 40, 50 mm)



No.	Part Name
1	Actuator Body
2 3 4	Pressure Gauge
3	Bushing
	Specifications Sticker
5	Guide Bushing
6	Valve Bonnet Nut
7	Valve Bonnet
8	Stuffing Box V-rings
9	Stuffing Box Washer
10	Stuffing Box Spring
11	Valve Plug & Stem
12	Valve Bonnet Gasket
13	Bolt
14	Flange
15	Valve Bonnet Guide
16	Valve Bonnet Guide Gasket
17	Body
18	Valve Seat
19	Valve Seat Gasket
20	Cover
21	Cover Gasket
22	Nameplate
23	Gasket
24	Bolt
25	Nut
26	Stem Bracket Connector Plate Set
27	Cover Bolt
28	Drain Plug

Installation



Install properly and DO NOT use this product outside the recommended operating pressure, temperature and other specification ranges. Improper use may result in such hazards as damage to the product or malfunctions which may lead to serious accidents. Local regulations may restrict the use of this product to below the conditions quoted.



Use hoisting equipment for heavy objects (weighing approximately 20 kg (44 lb) or more). Failure to do so may result in back strain or other injury if the object should fall.



Take measures to prevent people from coming into direct contact with product outlets. Failure to do so may result in burns or other injury from the discharge of fluids.

Installation, inspection, maintenance, repairs, disassembly and adjustment and valve opening/closing should be carried out only by trained maintenance personnel.

Check to make sure that the piping where the product is to be installed is constructed properly. If the piping is not correctly constructed, the valve may not perform optimally.

1. Blowdown

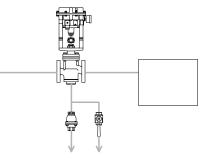
Before installing the CV-COSR unit, be sure to blow down all piping thoroughly. If this is not possible, perform a blowdown using the bypass valve. Blowdown is especially important for newly installed piping or after the system has been shut down for a long period of time.

Removing any Protective Caps and Seals
 Before installation, be sure to remove all protective seals and caps.



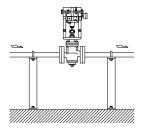
3. Installation Orientation

Install the CV-COSR so that the arrow mark on the body points in the direction of fluid flow. If the CV-COSR is going to be used with the drain plug in place, there are no further restrictions on the installation orientation. If a blow valve or a steam/air trap is going to be installed, the CV-COSR should be installed horizontally in the piping with the actuator at the top.

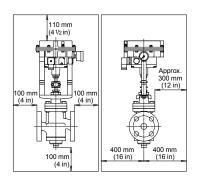


4. Piping Support

Install the CV-COSR, paying attention to avoid excessive load, bending and vibration. Support the inlet and outlet pipes securely.

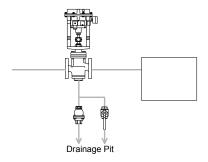


Maintenance Space Leave sufficient space for maintenance, inspection and repair.



6. Drainage Port Usage Example

The threaded condensate drainage port at the bottom of the body makes possible installation of a blow valve or steam/air trap. Because the condensate drainage port is located on the primary side of the CV-COSR, condensate flowing in the primary side piping can quickly be eliminated, contributing to prevention of valve seat erosion and rapid start-up of the equipment.



7. Accessories

Always install a shut-off valve, pressure gauge and bypass lines at both inlet and outlet. Ball valves, which will not retain condensate, are recommended for inlet and outlet shut-off valves. The bypass pipe should be at least $^{1}/_{2}$ of the size of the inlet (primary side) pipe.

8. Installation Environment

Check the installation environment to make sure that the ambient temperature does not exceed the actuator ambient temperature limit and that no corrosive gasses are present.

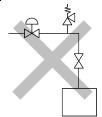
9. Shut-off Valve Installation

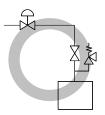
Though the CV-COSR adequately performs the function of a shut-off valve initially, extended use will result in a drop in its performance as an isolation valve. Be sure to install a separate shut-off or automatic valve if complete isolation is needed.

10. Safety Valve Installation

When installing a safety valve, be sure not to install it between the control valve and the shut-off valve

It must be installed near the equipment it is to protect, on the outlet side of the shut-off valve.





11. Avoid Foreign Matter and Water Hammer

Do not install in locations in the piping where foreign matter accumulates or where impact from water pressure (water hammer) occurs.

12. Piping Gaskets

Be careful that the piping gaskets do not protrude outside the inner bore of the flange.

The type of medium being used and the temperature must be taken into account in order to select a gasket of a suitable material.

13. Air Line Blowdown/Purge

Before connecting the air lines for the motive air that is to be piped to the actuator, blow out the air in the lines to purge any dirt, foreign matter, oil or water from inside of the piping.

14. Quality of Motive Air

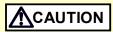
Supply to the actuator only clean air that does not contain water, oil or foreign matter.

To prevent malfunction due to contamination of the air supply, installation of the optional air filter regulator (5μ filter) and mist separator (0.3μ filter) as a set is recommended.

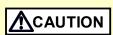
If air quality results in operation failure, the entire actuator unit (including the integrated positioner) must be replaced.

If there is a problem in operation, determine the cause using the "Troubleshooting" section in this manual.

Electrical Wiring



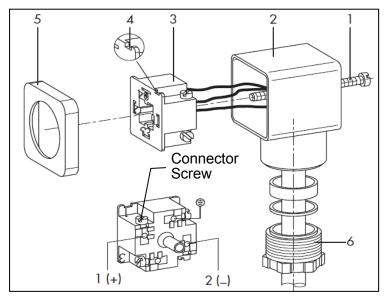
Make sure the power supply is OFF before carrying out work on the wiring or inspections involving disassembly. If such work is carried out with the power on, there is a danger that equipment may malfunction or electric shock may occur, leading to injury or other accidents.



Make sure that wiring work requiring a special license is carried out only by qualified personnel. If carried out by unqualified personnel, overheating or short circuits leading to injury, fires, damage or other accidents may occur.

Connecting the Electrical Plug Connector

- 1. Loosen the screw (1) in the center section of the electrical wiring plug connector by using a screwdriver.
- 2. Pull the entire plug connector out of the actuator. Be careful not to lose the rubber gasket (5).
- 3. Insert a screwdriver into the notch (4) in the terminal plug (3) and remove the terminal plug (3) from the plug connector case (2).
- 4. Insert the input signal wiring through the wiring connection port (6) and connect the wiring to the 1(+), 2(-) and ground terminals at the symbols imprinted on the terminal plug (3), taking care not to reverse the polarity.
- 5. Reinsert the connected terminal plug (3) into the plug connector case (2). When inserting the terminal plug (3) into the plug connector case (2), the orientation of the wiring connection port may be altered by rotating the terminal plug (3) 90° or 180°.
- 6. Reinsert the plug connector into the actuator. Make sure to correctly align the male and female pins. Remember to reinsert the rubber gasket (5) between the plug connector and the actuator.
- 7. Retighten the screw (1) in the center section of the electrical wiring plug connector by using a screwdriver.



NOTE: Use shielded cable to avoid noise interference in the electrical wiring.

Operational Check

Before beginning steady operation, perform an operational check by following the steps outlined below:

- 1. Close the shut-off valves on the CV-COSR inlets and outlets. Check operation without yet starting the flow of steam.
- 2. Check to make sure the designated air pressure is being supplied to the pneumatic positioner. (Air pressure: 0.38 MPaG (54 psig))
 - NOTE: If the air supply pressure is incorrect, adjust it using an inlet air reducing valve. NOTE: If an air reducing valve is attached, check the reading on its pressure gauge.
- 3. Turn on the power to the controller operation signal source, etc. (referred to hereinafter as the controller).
- 4. Set the operation signal output from the controller to the CV-COSR to 0% (4 mA).
- 5. Check the CV-COSR valve travel and the actuator air supply pressure.

Valve Travel: Fully closed (valve travel 0%)

Air Pressure: 0 MPaG (check the pressure gauge on the pneumatic positioner for the air pressure)

NOTE: If the air pressure is not 0 MPaG (0 psig), refer to the "Adjusting the Zero/ Span" section of this product Instruction Manual and adjust the zero.

- 6. Set the controller operation signal to 100% (20 mA).
- 7. Check the CV-COSR valve travel and the actuator air supply pressure.

Valve Travel: Fully open (valve travel 100%)

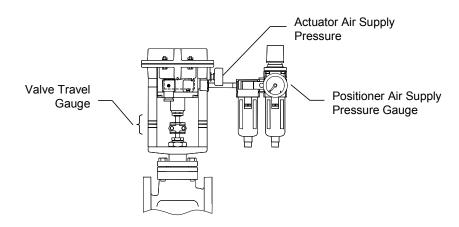
Air Pressure: Approximately 0.38 MPaG (54 psig) (check the pressure gauge on the pneumatic positioner for the air pressure)

NOTE: If the valve travel differs widely from 100%, refer to the "Adjusting the Zero/Span" section of this product Instruction Manual and re-adjust the span and the zero.

NOTE: If the control valve does not move from the fully closed position, check to see if the wires for the controller and control valve have any breaks, short-circuits, or have their polarity reversed (+ and – are reversed).

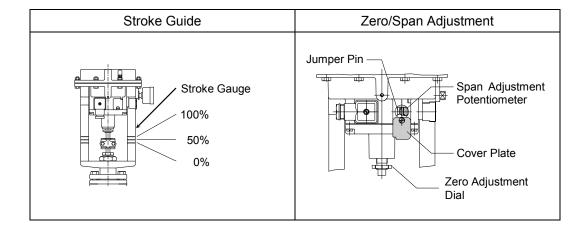
- 8. Set the controller operation signal to 50% (12 mA).
- 9. Make sure valve travel is smooth and without vibration.

NOTE: If the valve is vibrating vertically, it may be being caused by noise on the signal wiring. Check to see if there is a possible source of noise nearby.

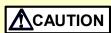


Adjusting the Zero / Span

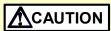
- 1. After connecting the air piping, operate the air pressure reducing valve to maintain the positioner air supply pressure at 0.38 MPaG (54 psig) (reverse action).
- Connect a current generator or a controller for input of an operation signal of 4 to 20 mA.
- 3. Loosen the cover plate screw and open the cover plate.
- 4. Pull out the jumper pin. (Be sure not to lose it.)
- 5. Set the operation signal output from the current generator or controller to 4 mA (0%).
- 6. Turn the zero adjustment dial slowly until the valve just begins to open (the actuator pressure gauge just beings to move). (The valve must NOT be open.) NOTE: Turning counterclockwise causes the valve to begin to open earlier.
- 7. Change the operation signal to 4.1 mA (1%) and check to make sure the valve begins to open.
- 8. Change the operation signal to 4 mA (0%) and check to make sure the valve is completely closed (the actuator pressure gauge is completely at zero).
- Change the operation signal to 20 mA (100%), and make sure that the stroke indicator reads in the vicinity of 100%.
 If it does not, use a precision flat-head screwdriver to turn the span adjustment potentiometer until it is close to 100%.
 NOTE: Turning clockwise increases the stroke (travel).
- 10. Each modification of the span results in a zero shift. Repeat the above correction procedure until both the zero and span are correct.
- 11. After completing the adjustment, insert the jumper pin securely into their previous position and close the cover.



Maintenance



Take measures to prevent people from coming into direct contact with product outlets. Failure to do so may result in burns or other injury from the discharge of fluids.



When disassembling or removing the product, wait until the internal pressure equals atmospheric pressure and the surface of the product has cooled to room temperature. Disassembling or removing the product when it is hot or under pressure may lead to discharge of fluids, causing burns, other injuries or damage.



Be sure to use only the recommended components when repairing the product, and NEVER attempt to modify the product in any way. Failure to observe these precautions may result in damage to the product or burns or other injury due to malfunction or the discharge of fluids.

Operational Check

An inspection of the following items should be done on a daily basis to determine whether the product is operating properly or has failed. Periodically (at least biannually) the operation should also be checked.

In the event of failure (malfunction), also refer to the "Troubleshooting" section for remedies.

Inspection Item	Inspection Points	Remedy for Failure (Malfunction)	
Leakage from valve	Visual inspection or stethoscope	Adjust the zero/span; if that does	
(when the valve is	inspection; is the outlet side	not solve the problem, replace	
closed)	pressure or temperature elevated,	with a new valve plug & stem and	
	or is there the sound of the	valve seat	
	medium flowing?		
Leakage from gland	Visual inspection; is fluid leaking	Coat the gland and the valve	
area	from the gap between the gland	stem with grease; if that does not	
	and the valve stem, or are there	solve the problem, replace with	
	signs it has leaked previously?	new V-rings	
Air leakage from	Visual inspection or stethoscope	Replace with a new actuator unit	
actuator	inspection; can the sound of a		
	large amount of air leaking from		
	the actuator area or the exhaust		
	tap during stable actuator		
Leakage from the	operation always be heard? Visual inspection; is fluid leaking	Apply additional tightening (refer	
gaskets between	from the gasket areas on	to recommended torque) or	
any pressurized	pressurized parts?	replace with new gaskets	
parts	pressurized parts:	replace with new gaskets	
Leakage from	Visual inspection; is fluid leaking	Replace any pressurized parts at	
pressurized parts	from pressurized parts such as	leak locations	
such as body and	the body or valve bonnet?		
valve bonnet			
Operating conditions	Visual inspection; does the actual	Readjust the air pressure	
	valve travel differ from the	reducing valve and positioner	
	designated operation signal value?	zero and span; if that does not	
		solve the problem, refer to the	
		"Troubleshooting" section	

Disassembly / Reassembly



When disassembling or removing the product, wait until the internal pressure equals atmospheric pressure and the surface of the product has cooled to room temperature. Disassembling or removing the product when it is hot or under pressure may lead to discharge of fluids, causing burns, other injuries or damage.



Be sure to use only the recommended components when repairing the product, and NEVER attempt to modify the product in any way. Failure to observe these precautions may result in damage to the product or burns or other injury due to malfunction or the discharge of fluids.

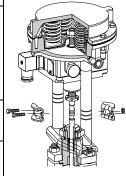
Use the following procedures to remove components. Use the same procedures in reverse to reassemble. (Installation, inspection, maintenance, repairs, disassembly, adjustment and valve opening/closing should be carried out only by trained maintenance personnel.)

NOTE: Be sure to coat all threaded portions of the valve seat and bolts with anti-seize. Perform the following procedure before beginning disassembly:

- 1. After connecting the air piping, operate the air pressure reducing valve to maintain the positioner air supply pressure at 0.38 MPaG (54 psig).
- 2. Connect a current generator or a controller for input of an operation signal of 4 to 20 mA.

Removing / Reattaching the Stem Bracket Plates

Part	During Disassembly	During Reassembly
_	Set the actuator air supply pressure to 0 MPaG (0 psig) to maintain the valve in the fully closed position.	Set the actuator air supply pressure to 0 MPaG (0 psig) to maintain the valve in the fully closed position. Check to make sure the valve stem and actuator stem are in firm contact with each other.
Bolts and Nuts	Remove with a socket wrench	Consult the table of tightening torques and tighten to the proper torque
Stem Bracket Plate	Take the bracket apart (separates into 2 plates)	After aligning the plates, tighten the nuts and bolts while making sure the gap between the plates is even on both sides



CAUTION

Be careful not to pinch your fingers between the valve stem and actuator stem!

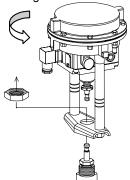
Disassembling / Reassembling the Valve and Actuator Sections

Part	During Disassembly	During Reassembly	
	Set the operation signal input	Set the operation signal input to 12 mA (50%)	
— to 12 mA (50%) Make sure the gap between		en Make sure the gap between	
	the valve stem and the actuator stem is open	the valve stem and the actuator stem is open	
Valve Bonnet Nut	Remove with an open-end wrench	Consult the table of tightening torques and tighten to the proper torque	



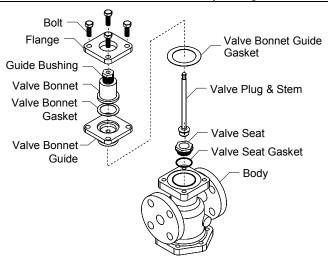
Be careful not to pinch your fingers between the valve stem and actuator stem!

The actuator unit orientation can be changed.



Disassembling / Reassembling of the Body Section

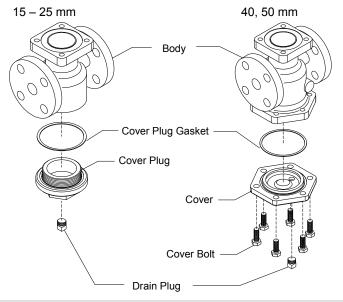
Part	During Disassembly	During Reassembly	
Guide Bushing	Loosen slightly with a socket wrench to	Consult the table of tightening torques	
	make the following procedure easier	and tighten to the proper torque	
Bolts for flange	Remove with a socket wrench	Tighten the bolts evenly, while checking	
		to make sure that there is no catching	
		or biting when the valve plug is seated	
		in the valve seat; after tightening to the	
		rated torque, check to make sure that	
		the valve plug & stem moves up and	
		down smoothly; make sure to tighten	
		evenly	
Flange	Pull up and off, taking care not to	Take care not to damage the valve plug	
Valve Bonnet	damage the valve plug & stem or valve	& stem or valve seat	
	seat	Insert the valve bonnet into the gasket	
		housing securely and without tilting	
Valve Bonnet	Remove the gasket, making sure to	Be sure to replace with a new gasket;	
Gasket	thoroughly remove all its pieces	do not coat with anti-seize	
Valve Bonnet	Pull up and off, taking care not to	Take care not to damage the valve plug	
Guide damage the valve plug & stem or valve		& stem or valve seat	
seat		The difference between the inner	
		diameter of the body and the outer	
		diameter of the valve bonnet guide is	
		very small, so make sure that it does	
		not tilt and get caught when inserting	
	not tilt and get caught when pulling the	the valve bonnet guide	
Valve Bonnet	valve bonnet guide up and off Remove the gasket	Replace with a new gasket if warped or	
Guide Gasket	Nemove the gasket	damaged	
Valve Plug &	Pull up and out, taking care not to	Take care not to damage it	
Stem	damage it	Take care not to damage it	
Valve Seat	Remove with a socket wrench	Consult the table of tightening torques	
vaive Seat	Tremove with a socket wiellen	and tighten to the proper torque	
Valve Seat	Remove the gasket	Replace with a new gasket if warped or	
Gasket	Tromovo ino gaonei	damaged	
- G		admaged	



Removing / Reattaching the Cover Plug and Cover

Part	15 – 25 mm	40, 50 mm	During Disassembly	During Reassembly	
Drain Plug*	✓	√	Remove with an appropriate tool; be careful of residual fluid flowing out from inside the body	Wrap threaded portion with sealing tape; consult the table of tightening torques and tighten to the proper torque	
Cover Plug	✓		Uses a screwed connection; remove with an appropriate tool	Consult the table of tightening torques and tighten to the proper torque	
Cover		~	Remove cover bolts with an appropriate tool	Consult the table of tightening torques and tighten cover bolts to the proper torque	
Cover Plug Gasket	√	√	Remove the gasket	Replace with a new gasket if warped or damaged	

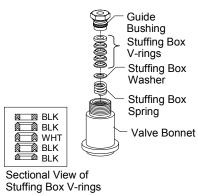
^{*}When a steam/air trap or blow valve is connected to the bottom of the body, piping connected to the steam/air trap or the blow valve should be removed.



Disassembling / Reassembling the Gland and its Components

In the procedure below, first <u>partially loosen</u> the guide bushing and then remove the valve plug & stem before removing the other parts. (The procedure is most easily performed if the bushing is loosened while it is attached to the valve body.)

Part	During Disassembly	During Reassembly	
Guide Bushing	Remove with a socket wrench	Consult the table of tightening torques and tighten to the proper torque	
Stuffing Box V-rings	Pull up and out	Make sure to reassemble the V-rings in the proper orientation; coat the groove with heat-resistant silicon grease; reattach the V-rings with their grooves facing downward	BLI BLI BLI BLI BLI
Stuffing Box Washer Stuffing Box Spring	Pull up and out	Reinsert	Sectional Stuffing Bo



Parts Inspection

When parts have been removed, use the following table to inspect the parts and replace any that are found to be defective.

Inspection Item				
Gasket(s): check for warping and damage				
(Graphite gaskets MUST be replaced if disassembled)				
Stuffing Box V-rings: check for warping or damage				
Valve Plug & Stem, Valve Seat: check for damage or scratches				

Table of Tightening Torques

	15 mm	(½ in)	20 mm	(¾ in)	25 mm	า (1 in)	40 mm	(1½ in)	50 mn	n (2 in)
		Dist.		Dist.		Dist.		Dist.		Dist.
	Torque	Across	Torque	Across	Torque	Across	Torque	Across	Torque	Across
		Flats		Flats		Flats		Flats		Flats
Part	N⋅m	mm	N⋅m	mm	N⋅m	mm	N·m	mm	N·m	mm
	(lbf·ft)	(in)	(lbf·ft)	(in)	(lbf·ft)	(in)	(lbf·ft)	(in)	(lbf·ft)	(in)
Bolts and Nuts for	7	_8	7	_8	7	_8	7	_8	7	_8
Stem Bracket Plates	(5.1)	$(^{5}/_{16})$	(5.1)	$(^{5}/_{16})$	(5.1)	$(^{5}/_{16})$	(5.1)	$(^{5}/_{16})$	(5.1)	$(^{5}/_{16})$
Valve Bonnet Nut	150	36	150	36	150	36	150	36	150	36
valve buillet nut	(72)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$	(72)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$	(72)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$	(72)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$	(72)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$
Guide Bushing	120	24	120	24	120	24	120	24	120	24
(Valve Bonnet	(88)	$\binom{15}{16}$	(88)	$\binom{15}{16}$	(88)	$\binom{15}{16}$	(88)	$\binom{15}{16}$	(88)	$\binom{15}{16}$
Section)	(00)		(00)		(00)		(00)		(00)	
Bolts for Flange	40	17	40	17	40	17	40	17	50	19
Boils for Flange	(29)	$\binom{21}{32}$	(29)	$\binom{21}{32}$	(29)	$\binom{21}{32}$	(29)	$\binom{21}{32}$	(37)	$(^{3}/_{4})$
Valve Seat	100	30	100	30	125	36	250	50	300	60
valve Seat	(73)	$\binom{13}{16}$	(73)	$\binom{13}{16}$	(92)	$(1^{13}/_{32})$	(185)	$(1^{31}/_{32})$	(220)	$(2^3/_8)$
Cover Plug	250	41	250	41	350	46				
	(185)	$(1^5/_8)$	(185)	$(1^5/_8)$	(260)	$(1^{13}/_{16})$	_	_		
Cover Bolt							60	17	70	19
Cover Doil						_	(44)	$\binom{21}{32}$	(51)	$(^{3}/_{4})$
Drain Plug			40*	(29*) N·I	m (lb·ft)	14 (^s	⁹ / ₁₆) mm	(in)		

(1 N·m ≈ 10 kg·cm)

^{*} These values represent tightening torques for threads that are wrapped with 3 - 3.5 turns of sealing tape.

Troubleshooting



When disassembling or removing the product, wait until the internal pressure equals atmospheric pressure and the surface of the product has cooled to room temperature. Disassembling or removing the product when it is hot or under pressure may lead to discharge of fluids, causing burns, other injuries or damage.

When the product fails to operate properly, use the following table to locate the cause and remedy.

Problem	Cause	Diagnosis	Remedy (Countermeasure)
Valve Leakage	The pressure of the air supply to the positioner is too high	Check the pressure of the air supply to the positioner and confirm product specifications	Adjust the pressure of the air supply for the positioner to match the pressure in the product specifications
	The positioner's zero point is miscalibrated	Check the actuator air supply pressure (on the positioner's pressure gauge) when the operation signal is at 4 mA	If the pressure on the pressure gauge is elevated (not 0 MpaG (0 psig)), adjust the positioner's zero point
	The inlet pressure for the valve is too high	Check the inlet pressure for the valve	Operate at an inlet pressure of 1.0 MPaG (150 psig) or less
	The valve plug and valve seat are off-center	Move the valve plug & stem up and down and check to see if it catches	
	There is a problem with the sealing surfaces of the valve plug and valve seat	Check the valve plug and valve seat	Replace with a new valve plug & stem and valve seat
The valve does not travel beyond a certain point	The bellowphragm in the actuator is broken	Check to see if a large amount of air is leaking from the exhaust tap	actuator unit [Check to make sure that the valve is not operating (traveling) too often and that the ambient temperature is not too high]
	The positioner's internal parts are broken (the diaphragm is cracked, etc.)	Check to see if any unusual noise is coming from the positioner	Replace with a new positioner/ actuator unit [Check to make sure that the valve is not operating (traveling) too often and that the ambient temperature is not too high]
	There is insufficient air supply pressure to the positioner	Check the pressure of the air supply to the positioner and refer to product specifications	Adjust the supply air pressure for the positioner (Confirm product specifications)
	Malfunction of the signal system	Check to make sure the controller is emitting a 4 to 20 mA signal and that the wires are not disconnected, etc.	Inspect the controller and repair the signal wiring if necessary

Troubleshooting continued on the next page

Problem	Cause	Diagnosis	Remedy (Countermeasure)
No movement at all	Air is not being supplied to the positioner	Make sure that the compressor is operating as it should; make sure that the regulator connected to the positioner inlet is set	
	The input signal wiring is incorrectly connected	Check to make sure the wiring is connected to the correct terminals and that the + and - polarity is not reversed	Correct the connections
	The input signal is not being input	Check that 4 to 20 mA is being input by the positioner connection terminals	Repair the operation signal origin or repair the signal wiring
	Positioner's internal parts are broken (the diaphragm is cracked, etc.)	Check to see if any unusual noise is coming from the positioner	Replace with a new positioner/ actuator unit [Check to make sure that the valve is not operating (traveling) too often and that the ambient temperature is not too high]
	There is water or oil inside the positioner	Check to see if there is water or oil entrained in the supply air; check to see if the humidity at the control valve piping location is too high	Replace with a new positioner/ actuator unit and improve the quality of the air supply
	There is water or oil inside the positioner	Check to see if there is water or oil entrained in the air supply	Replace with a new positioner/ actuator unit and improve the quality of the air supply
	The filter regulator is clogged	Check the filter	Clean the filter or replace with a new filter
Valve travel is unstable	The setting of the controller is faulty	Check the set value based on the controller's PID parameters	Adjust the controller's setting values

Product Warranty

- Warranty Period
 One year following product delivery.
- Warranty Coverage
 TLV CO., LTD. warrants this product to the original purchaser to be free
 from defective materials and workmanship. Under this warranty, the
 product will be repaired or replaced at our option, without charge for parts
 or labor.
- 3. This product warranty will not apply to cosmetic defects, nor to any product whose exterior has been damaged or defaced; nor does it apply in the following cases:
 - 1) Malfunctions due to improper installation, use, handling, etc., by other than TLV CO., LTD. authorized service representatives.
 - 2) Malfunctions due to dirt, scale, rust, etc.
 - Malfunctions due to improper disassembly and reassembly, or inadequate inspection and maintenance by other than TLV CO., LTD. authorized service representatives.
 - 4) Malfunctions due to disasters or forces of nature.
 - 5) Accidents or malfunctions due to any other cause beyond the control of TLV CO., LTD.
- 4. Under no circumstances will TLV CO., LTD. be liable for consequential economic loss damage or consequential damage to property.

* * * * * * *

For Service or Technical Assistance:

Contact your **TLX** representative or your regional **TLX** office.

Manufacturer

TLY. CO., LTD.

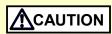
881 Nagasuna, Noguchi Kakogawa, Hyogo 675-8511 JAPAN

Tel: 81-(0)79 - 427 - 1800

Options



Install properly and DO NOT use this product outside the recommended operating pressure, temperature and other specification ranges. Improper use may result in such hazards as damage to the product or malfunctions which may lead to serious accidents. Local regulations may restrict the use of this product to below the conditions quoted.

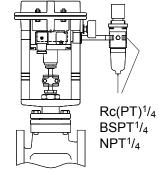


Take measures to prevent people from coming into direct contact with product outlets. Failure to do so may result in burns or other injury from the discharge of fluids.

The following options are available to meet individual specification requirements, so please verify your particular product.

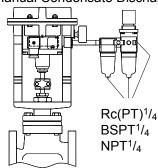
Actuator Unit Option (Section B)





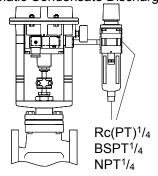
Integrated Filter: 5 µm

With Filter Regulator + Mist Separator (Manual Condensate Discharge)



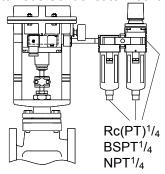
Integrated Filter: 5 μm + 0.3 μm

With Filter Regulator (Automatic Condensate Discharge)



Integrated Filter: 5 µm

With Filter Regulator + Mist Separator (Automatic Condensate Discharge)



Integrated Filter: 5 μm + 0.3 μm